HENTELL WE BYCKYED

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SALES OFFICES IN CANADA
HALIFAX - OUFBEC OITY - MONTREG
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(AFTER AUGUST 1st 1973)
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HEWLETT-PACKARD (CANADA) LTD

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HEWLETT-PACKARD

THE BOD

Quick
Reference
Guide

#### **Basic Instructions**

Clearing

To clear display only, press CLX

To clear everything (except constant storage),

press CLEA

**Constant Storage** 

To store a constant, press sto

To recall a constant, press RCL

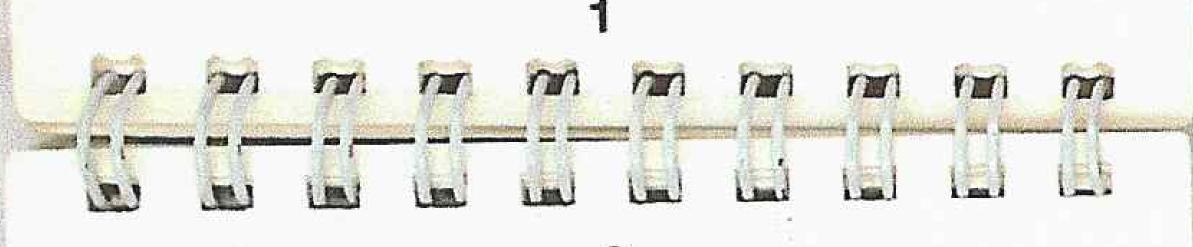
NOTE: Certain important pre-programmed calculations overwrite previous contents of the constant storage. These are:

- Add-on to annual percentage rate conversion
- Effective yield of an annuity (loan repayment and sinking fund)
- Accrued interest and discounted note problems
- Trend lines (least squares linear regression)
- Sum-of-the-digits calculations
- Bond calculations (price and yield)
- Accumulated interest paid on a loan
- Discounted cash flow analysis

Except where noted above, a constant remains in the machine until overwritten by another constant or machine is turned off.

Rounding

To round-off (the display only), press, then any desired numeral key between o and 6.



A numeral key greater than 6 will put display in so-called "scientific notation." Normal turnon mode is automatic rounding to two decimal places.

NOTE: Rounding affects the display only. The full internal accuracy of the machine is maintained.

#### **Arithmetic Operations**

To perform simple arithmetic operations between two numbers:

- ① Key in the first number, press SAVE 4
- ② Key in the second number, press desired operation, +, -, × or ÷

To perform chain calculations, only the first number has to be loaded through a SAVE \* operation . . . all subsequent numbers need only be keyed in and the desired function key pressed after each one.

Automatic computation between a displayed number and a stored constant is achieved by pressing RCL and the desired function.

Changing Sign

To change the sign of a displayed number, press chs

To enter a negative number, key in number, press Chs

#### Raising a Number to a Power

① Key in positive base number (to be raised to a power), press SAVE \*

② Key in power (exponent), press 2

#### Square Root of a Positive Number

Key in number, press

#### **Percentage Operations**

To obtain the percentage amount of a number:

① Key in the base number, press SAVE 4

② Key in the percent (as a %), press %

To add or subtract the percentage amount to the base number simply **press** + or -, respectively.

To obtain the percent difference between two numbers:

① Key in the base (or reference) number,
press SAVE \*

(answer is displayed in percent)

#### **Calendar Functions**

Date entry sequence is: month, decimal point, two numeral day and four numeral year. Example: May 8, 1972 = 5.081972 Calendar range is from January 1, 1900 to December 31, 2099.

To obtain difference between two dates:

- ① Key in first date, press SAVE 4
- ② Key in second date, press DAY

To obtain a date from a base date:

- ① Set rounding to six decimal places, press 6
- @ Key in the base date, press SAVE +
- 3 Key in the number of days (can be positive or

negative), press DAY

To obtain the day of the week of a date:

- ① Key in today's date, press SAVE \*
- ② Key in desired date, press DAY SAVE 4
- 3 Key in 7, press ÷
- (5) Key in [7] again, press [x]

If the date in question is **beyond** today, its day of the week will be today's day **plus** the number shown in the display.

If the date in question is **before** today, its day of the week will be today's day **minus** the number shown in the display.

#### Error Indication

An improper or illegal operation (such as dividing by zero) will result in a steady blinking display.

Battery Condition (low charge indication)
All decimal points in the display indicates low battery condition. Plug into recharger.

#### Compound Interest

NOTE: To use the compound interest keys (top row) simply remember to enter your known values in left-to-right sequence and then press the key which corresponds to the unknown value.

Territor	Service Company	Commence (C)	40. 40	- <b>6</b> - 3 1 1 1	
E 10 1		# ATO.	1 5 0	. B = s	450
Description 1	RU	6-3	Va	1092	G-I
2 62	2 34 446 6		10 54	1 1 4-0	1

- ① Key in number of time periods, press
- ② Key in interest rate per time period (in %), press
- 3 Key in present value (principal), press PV
- 1 To obtain future value, press 120

NOTE: Simple arithmetic operations may be performed prior to entering any value. Also, a mistaken last entry may be corrected by pressing CLX, then keying in the correct value and pressing the appropriate key.

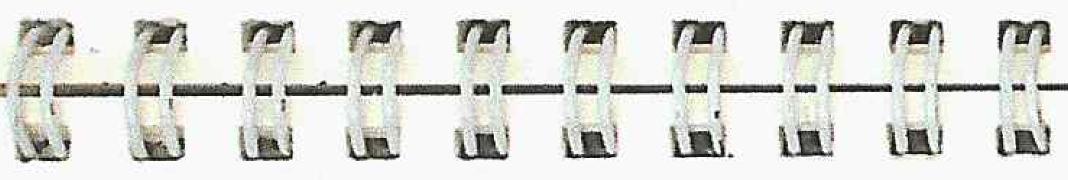
#### **Present Value**

- 1 Key in number of time periods, press 10
- Key in interest rate per time period (in %),
   press
- 3 Key in future value amount, press
- 4 To obtain present value, press PV

#### Rate of Return (growth rate)

- ① Key in number of periods, press n
- ② Key in present (beginning) value, press

5



F

- 3 Key in future (ending) value, press [59]
- ① To obtain effective rate per period (in %), press

#### **Number of Time Periods**

(for a compounded amount)

- ① Key in interest rate per period (in %), press
- ② Key in present (beginning) value, press
- 3 Key in future (ending) value, press
- 1 To obtain number of time periods, press 1

#### Nominal Rate Converted to Effective Annual Rate



- ① Key in number of time periods per year,
- Press Sto a ...

  2 Key in nominal rate (as a %),
- press RCL : 1
- (3) Key in 1 0 0, press STO PV FV (4) To obtain effective annual rate (in %),

### press RCL —

# Effective Annual Rate Converted to Nominal Rate

- The Key in number of time periods per year, press sto in
- ② Key in 1 0 0, press SAVE 4 PV
- ③ Key in effective annual rate (in %),
  press + W &
- 1 To obtain nominal rate (in %), press RCL X

# Future Value of an Annuity (sinking fund) ① Key in number of time periods, press ② Key in interest rate per period (as a %), press ③ Key in payment (installment) amount, press PMT ④ To obtain future value, press FV

#### Sinking Fund Payment Amount

- ① Key in number of time periods, press
- ② Key in interest rate per period (as a %), press
- 3 Key in future value, press [7]
- 4 To obtain payment amount, press PMI

#### Effective Yield of a Sinking Fund

- ① Key in number of time periods, press
- ② Key in payment (installment) amount, press PMT
- 3 Key in future value, press
- (4) To obtain interest rate per period (as a %), press

## Number of Periods Required for a Sinking Fund

- ① Key in interest rate per period (as a %), press
- ② Key in payment (installment) amount,
- The state of the s
- 4 To obtain number of time periods, press in

# 

#### Loan Repayment

#### Accrued (Simple) Interest Payment Due

- Wey in number of days, press n
- ~ ② Key in annual interest rate (in %), press
- Wey in the principal (present value), press PV
  - To obtain interest payment due on a 360 day

#### basis, press

To obtain interest payment due on a 365 day basis, press xxy

## Discounted Note and Effective Annual Yields

- 1 Key in number of days, press 1
- © Key in annual interest (discount) rate (in %), press
- 3 Key in the face (future) value of note,
- To obtain the discount amount (i.e.—the interest portion) of the note on a 360 day basis,

#### press PMT

- To obtain the effective annual yield on a 360 day basis, press R+
- ⑥ To obtain the discount amount of the note on a 365 day basis, press R≠
- To obtain the effective annual yield on a 365 day basis, press R+

#### True Equivalent Annual Yield

- 1 Key in number of days, press SAVE +
- ② Key in 3 6 5, press = n

3 Key in the principal (present value) of note,
The press of press of the face value (future value) of note,
press FV
⑤ To obtain true equivalent annual yield, press
Present Value of an Annuity
(Principal Amount of a Loan)
① Key in the number of time periods (months, years, etc.), press
<sup>②</sup> Key in interest rate per period (in %),
The seriod of the payment per period,
press PMT
To obtain present value (principal), press [W]
① Key in number of time periods, press
2 Key in interest rate per period (in %),
The press of the p
To obtain payment amount per period,
press PMF A 2010 Kindle
True Interest Rate of a Loan  ① Key in number of time periods, press
<sup>②</sup> Key in payment amount per period, press
<ul> <li>Key in present value (principal), press</li> <li>To obtain interest rate per period (in %),</li> </ul>
press 6
NOTE: To obtain an annual rate simply
III emparate delega comparate i appropriate del comparate
key in the number of time periods per
year and press x.
year and press X.  Number of Time Periods  Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period,
year and press X.  Number of Time Periods  Required for a Loan
year and press X.  Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press i ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT
year and press X.  Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press i ② Key in the payment amount per time period,
year and press X.  Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press i ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ③ Key in the present value (principal), press PV
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press ② Key in the present value (principal), press ③ Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ③ Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press ② Key in the present value (principal), press ③ Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time)
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press i ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ③ Key in the present value (principal), press PV ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press n  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press STO ② Key in the payment number corresponding to
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press i ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ③ Key in the present value (principal), press PV ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press n  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press STO ② Key in the payment number corresponding to the last point of the time span in question, press TO
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press ② Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press STO ② Key in the payment number corresponding to the last point of the time span in question, press  ③ Key in the payment number of payments of the
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ③ Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press STO ② Key in the payment number corresponding to the last point of the time span in question, press  ③ Key in the total number of payments of the loan, press  ③ Key in the interest rate per payment (or peri-
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ② Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press ⑤ Key in the payment number corresponding to the last point of the time span in question, press ⑥ ③ Key in the total number of payments of the loan, press ⑥ ④ Key in the interest rate per payment (or peri- od), press ⑥
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press PMT ③ Key in the present value (principal), press ④ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press STO ② Key in the payment number corresponding to the last point of the time span in question, press ③ Key in the total number of payments of the loan, press ④ ③ Key in the interest rate per payment (or period), press ⑤ ⑤ Key in the payment amount per period, press ⑤ ⑤ Key in the payment amount per period, press ⑥
Number of Time Periods Required for a Loan  ① Key in the interest rate per time period, press ② Key in the payment amount per time period, press ② Key in the present value (principal), press ③ To obtain the number of time periods, press  Accumulated Interest Paid on a Loan (between two points in time) ① Key in the payment number corresponding to the first point of the time span in question, press ③ Key in the payment number corresponding to the last point of the time span in question, press ⑤ Key in the total number of payments of the loan, press ⑥ Key in the interest rate per payment (or peri- od), press ⑥ Key in the payment amount per period,

#### "Add-on" Interest Converted to a True Annual Percentage Rate

- ① Key in the number of months of the loan, press
- ② Key in the "add-on" rate (per annum),
  press
- 3 To obtain true annual percentage rate, press 16
- ④ To obtain the monthly payment amount, press xxy
- ⑤ Then key in the principal amount to be loaned, press <a>▼</a>

#### Interest Rebate (Rule of 78's)

- ① Key in last payment number, press 0
- ② Key in total number of payments for the loan, press
- 3 Key in the total finance charge, press [27]
- To obtain the uncarned interest (rebate), press son xxy

To obtain the remaining principal due,

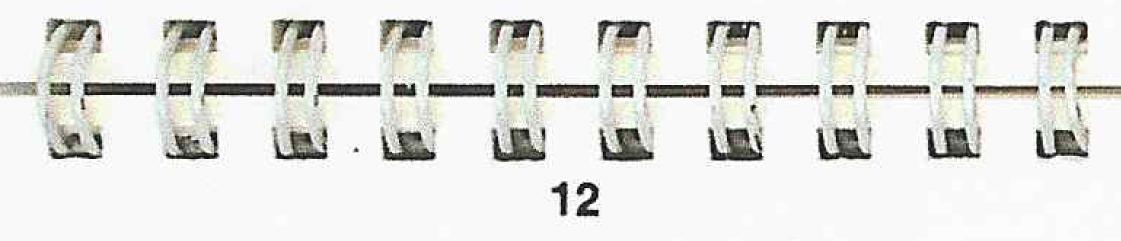
- (3) Key in the amount of each payment, press SAVE 4

#### Depreciation Amortization

#### Sum-of-the-years' Digits Depreciation

① Key in given year number (or beginning year number), press

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- ② Key in life of asset (number of years), press
- ③ Key in depreciable amount (purchase less salvage value), press
- To obtain given year's depreciation,

press

- To obtain subsequent year's depreciation, press SOD
- © Continue step ③ as desired
- To obtain the depreciation for a particular year **not** in sequence, simply key in the year number desired and, **press** n sop
- ® Continue step T as desired.

NOTE: To obtain the remaining book value after each year's depreciation press [x\frac{1}{2}y]. The [x\frac{1}{2}y] key must be pressed again before the next sop calculation (step 5).

#### **Straight Line Depreciation**

① Key in depreciable amount (purchase less salvage value), press SAVE ↑ SAVE ↑

② To obtain each year's depreciation, key in

life of asset (number of years), press =

NOTE: To obtain the remaining book value after each year's depreciation, first press sto — for book value after first year then RCL — for each subsequent year.

## Variable Rate, Declining-Balance Depreciation

- ① Key in 1 0 0 and, press SAVE 4
- ② Key in life of asset (number of years) press ÷
- ③ Key in declining factor or rate (i.e.—1.5, 2 etc), press 🗶 Sto
- (a) Key in depreciable amount (purchase less salvage value)
- 3 To obtain year's depreciation, press RCL %
- To obtain remaining book value, press
- Tontinue steps 3 and 6 for subsequent years.

#### **Diminishing Balance Depreciation**

- ① Key in life of asset (number of years), press 0
- <sup>®</sup> Key in beginning value of asset, press PV
- ③ Key in ending (salvage) value of asset press [50]

NOTE: Salvage value must be greater than zero.

- To obtain and store rate of depreciation, press CHS STO
- (5) Key in beginning value of asset
- To obtain year's depreciation, press RCL %
- To obtain remaining book value, press
- ® Continue steps ® and ® for subsequent years.

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#### **Bonds**

#### Price of a Bond

- ① Key in either maturity or purchase date, press SAVE \*
- ② Key in remaining date, press DAY
- 3 Key in yield-to-maturity (as a %), press
- (as a %), press [2MII]

#### To obtain bond price, press

Yield-to-Maturity of a Bond

- ① Key in either maturity or purchase date, press SAVE 4
- ② Key in remaining date, press DAY
- 3 Key in annual coupon rate (as a %), press 241
- Wey in the bond price, press
   To obtain bond yield, press

NOTE: The mathematical approach used for bond problems as calculated above is more precise than the traditional one established in the 1800's. The reason is that where the intra-coupon period is applicable to the problem, the actual number of days per month is used instead of an arbitrary 30 days for all months. The traditional method is quite close to the actual method, and generally the two differ only beyond the second decimal place. In deference to long standing custom, however, the following option is provided for calculating bond problems in accordance with traditional trade custom.

#### **Conventional Bond Calculations**

- a) Determine the number of days, months and years to maturity (in accordance with trade custom)
- b) Key in number of days, press SAVE 4
- c) Key in 3 0 (days/month), press :
- d) Key in number of months, press +
- e) Key in [1] [2] (months/year), press [÷]
- f) Key in number of years, press [+]
  g) Key in [3] [6] [5] (days/year), press [x] [n] Continue with step 3 of either price or yield calculation above.

NOTE: For maturities of less than 6 months, load the number of days to maturity directly into in

#### Investment Analysis

#### **Discounted Rate of Return**

(for even cash flows)

- ① Key in number of time periods, press
- <sup>②</sup> Key in amount of cash flow per period,

press PMT

- 3 Key in original investment, press [27]
- (a) To obtain discounted rate of return (in %) per period, press

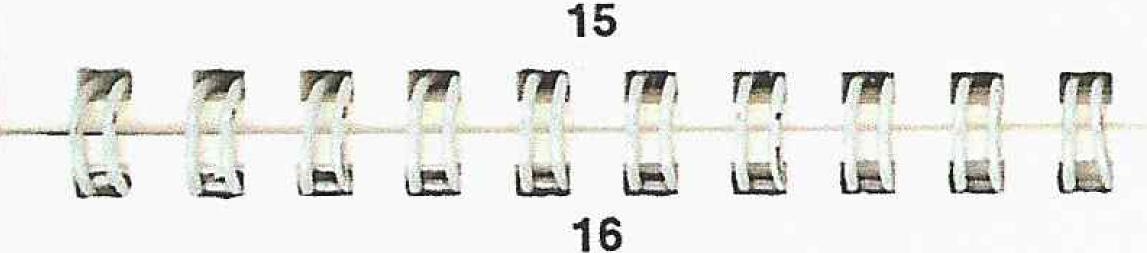
#### Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

(for uneven cash flows)

① Clear the entire machine by pressing



CLX



② Key in discount rate (in %) per period,

press

- 3 Key in original investment, press CHS PV
- 3 Continue step 4 for subsequent flows.

NOTE: Investment is profitable (to the extent of the discount rate) if the result is positive. Furthermore, the user can determine the "break-even" period by noting the period in which step 4 first yielded a positive result.

#### Statistics

#### Mean and Standard Deviation

- ① Clear the entire machine by pressing
- ② Key in data item, press Σ+
- 3 Continue step 2 until all data are entered.
- To obtain mean (arithmetic average),

#### press 👨

NOTE: To obtain the standard deviation after each mean calculation press xxy. The xxy key must be pressed again before resuming.

3 To return to the summation mode,

press

6 Continue with step 2 if desired.

NOTE: To correct a data item key in its value and press

Trend Lines (Least Squares Linear Regression) CLEAR

- ① Clear the entire machine by pressing
- ② Sequentially, key in data item, press

CLX

NOTE: Each time is pressed, the sequence number for that item is displayed.

- 3 Continue step 2 until all data are entered.
- 1 To terminate the data entry sequence,

press T

3 To obtain a specific value on the trend line, key in the appropriate time period number, press 1

@ Repeat step 3 as often as desired.

the trend line by simply pressing has many times as desired. Further, the current time period number may be obtained by pressing xxy. The xxy key must be pressed again before resuming.

To obtain the amount of change of the trend line per period (commonly called "slope"),

press R+ R+

® To resume operation, press R\* R\*

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